### These are against the law



Children not travelling in a restraint correctly









Choose a restraint that meets the Australian Standard.

You can buy or rent restraints.

**Be careful** when you buy or borrow a second-hand child restraint. Make sure:

- it is not more than 10 years old
- it has not been in a car crash
- the straps are strong and not worn
- the buckles are not bent
- the attachment points are not cracked or discoloured

You cannot use restraints from overseas.

Some restraints have height markers to indicate if the restraint is suitable for the child.

For more information about buying a child restraint ring 13 22 13 or visit www.crep.com.au

You can also visit the Seat Me Safely interactive web program on child restraints at www.kidsafensw.org



## Installing a child restraint

Follow the manufacturer's instructions when installing a restraint in your car.

You can get help installing a child restraint from an approved fitter.

The fitter will charge a fee for this service. To find your nearest fitter, ring 13 22 13 or visit the road safety page on the Kidsafe website.

Contact your local council to find out about free child restraint fitting days in your area.

#### Supported by Transport for NSW

Contact us for more information:



### Kidsafe New South Wales Inc

Kidsafe House, Hainsworth Street Westmead NSW 2145

Phone 02 9845 0890 Fax 02 9845 0895 Email kidsafe@chw.edu.au Website kidsafensw.org



# Child safety in the car



# It is the law in NSW that you must use child restraints for children under 7 who ride in your car.

If you break the law you may be fined and lose points from your licence.





Babies must travel in a restraint that:

- faces the rear of the car
- is held in place by the seatbelt and a strap at the top which ties it to the car
- has a six-point harness system

The harness must hold the baby firmly.

Make sure you use a restraint to bring your baby home from hospital.

### Between 6 months and 4 years

At this age children can remain in a rearward facing restraint. When they are too big for that restraint, they can move to a restraint that:

- · faces forward
- is held in place by the seatbelt and a strap at the top which ties it to the car
- · has a six-point harness system

The harness should hold the child firmly.

### Between 4 years and 7 years

At this age children must ride in a forward facing restraint or a booster seat. Booster seats should:

- be used with lap-sash seatbelts
- have high backs and sides

The seatbelt sash strap must:

- · stay in front of the child
- not be too loose

The lap part of the seatbelt should sit across the upper thighs.

Children must be in a child restraint suitable for their size.

### Children over 7 years

Older children generally fit into an adult seatbelt when they are around 140 to 145cms tall. Continue using the booster seat until the child fits the adult seatbelt.

The seat belt should:

- not touch the child's neck
- always stay in front of the child and not go behind the child's back
- sit across the upper thighs.

All children should be seated in the back seat. Children over 4 years may be placed in the front seat only if all the back seats are occupied by children under 7 years old.